



## Study Plan

**School:** School of Social Sciences

**Degree:** Bachelor

**Course:** Sociology (cód. 205)

### 1st Year - 1st Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
SOC2403	General Sociology	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2404	Methods and Techniques of Sociological Research I	Sociology	6	Semester	156
MAT0075	Statistics Applied to Social Sciences	Mathematics	6	Semester	162
ECN2283	Political Economy	Economy	6	Semester	156
INF0871	Introduction to Information Technologies	Informatics	3	Semester	82
LLT2313	Academic Writing Skills	Languages and Literature	3	Semester	78

### 1st Year - 2nd Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
SOC2405	Sociological Theories I	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2406	Methods and Techniques of Sociological Research II	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2385	Demography	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2407	Cultural Anthropology	Anthropology	6	Semester	156

#### Group of Options

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
FIL2321	Critical Thinking and Argumentation	Philosophy	6	Semester	156
HIS2422	History Themes of the twentieth century	History	6	Semester	156
GES2310	Entrepreneurship and Innovation	Management	6	Semester	156
ECN2290	Introduction to Law	Juridical Sciences	6	Semester	156
PSI2423	Social Psychology	Psychology	6	Semester	156

### 2nd Year - 3rd Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
SOC2408	Sociological Theories II	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2409	Quantitative Analysis Laboratory	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2410	Sociology of the Family	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2411	Sociology of Education	Sociology	6	Semester	156

#### Group of Options

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
SOC2424	Demographic Projections	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2425	Sociology of Childhood	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2426	Sociology of Health	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2427	Sociology of Leisure and Tourism	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2428	Sociology of Cultural Heritage	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2429	Human Resources Development	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2430	Planning and Social Intervention	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2431	Sociology of Innovation and Entrepreneurship	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2432	Sociology of Technology	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2433	Sociology of Sport	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2434	Sociology of Spatial Planning	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2435	Sociology of Work	Sociology	6	Semester	156



### 2nd Year - 4th Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
SOC2412	Structure and Social Inequalities	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2413	Qualitative Analysis Laboratory	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2414	Sociology of Communication and Media	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2415	Sociology of Development	Sociology	6	Semester	156

#### Group of Options

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
SOC2424	Demographic Projections	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2425	Sociology of Childhood	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2426	Sociology of Health	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2427	Sociology of Leisure and Tourism	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2428	Sociology of Cultural Heritage	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2429	Human Resources Development	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2430	Planning and Social Intervention	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2431	Sociology of Innovation and Entrepreneurship	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2432	Sociology of Technology	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2433	Sociology of Sport	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2434	Sociology of Spatial Planning	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2435	Sociology of Work	Sociology	6	Semester	156

### 3rd Year - 5th Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
SOC2298	Sociology of Peace and Conflicts	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2416	Sociology of Organizations	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2417	Contemporary Social Problems	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2418	Research Laboratory - Project Preparation	Sociology	6	Semester	156

#### Group of Options

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
SOC2424	Demographic Projections	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2425	Sociology of Childhood	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2426	Sociology of Health	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2427	Sociology of Leisure and Tourism	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2428	Sociology of Cultural Heritage	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2429	Human Resources Development	Sociology	6	Semester	156
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SOC2431	Sociology of Innovation and Entrepreneurship	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2432	Sociology of Technology	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2433	Sociology of Sport	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2434	Sociology of Spatial Planning	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2435	Sociology of Work	Sociology	6	Semester	156

### 3rd Year - 6th Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
SOC2419	Economic Sociology	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2420	Sociology of Culture	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2421	Research Laboratory - Project Execution	Sociology	12	Semester	312



### 3rd Year - 6th Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
<b>Group of Options</b>					
Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
SOC2424	Demographic Projections	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2425	Sociology of Childhood	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2426	Sociology of Health	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2427	Sociology of Leisure and Tourism	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2428	Sociology of Cultural Heritage	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2429	Human Resources Development	Sociology	6	Semester	156
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SOC2433	Sociology of Sport	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2434	Sociology of Spatial Planning	Sociology	6	Semester	156
SOC2435	Sociology of Work	Sociology	6	Semester	156

### Conditions for obtaining the Degree:

\*\*\* TRANSLATE ME: Sociologia

Para obtenção do grau de licenciado em Sociologia é necessário obter aprovação a 150 ECTS em unidades de curriculares obrigatórias e 30 ECTS (24ECTS área Sociologia e 6 ECTS outras áreas) em unidades curriculares optativas, distribuídas da seguinte forma:

1º Ano

1º Semestre:

6 UC Obrigatórias num total de 30 ECTS

2º Semestre

4 UC Obrigatórias num total de 24 ECTS

1 UC Optativa num total de 6 ECTS

2º Ano

3º Semestre

4 UC Obrigatórias num total de 24 ECTS

1 UC Optativa num total de 6 ECTS

4º Semestre

4 UC Obrigatórias num total de 24 ECTS

1 UC Optativa num total de 6 ECTS

3º Ano

5º Semestre

4 UC Obrigatórias num total de 24 ECTS

1 UC Optativa num total de 6 ECTS

6º Semestre

3 UC Obrigatórias num total de 24 ECTS

1 UC Optativa num total de 6 ECTS \*\*\*

## Program Contents



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### **General Sociology (SOC2403)**

1. Introduction: The study of Sociology, Sociology and other social sciences; Historical development of sociology
2. The methodical observation of social reality
3. Society, culture and individual
4. Status and social role
5. Socialization and personality
6. Groups, aggregates and social categories
7. Social institutions
8. Social organization, social control and deviant behavior
9. Stratification, class structure and social mobility
10. Family, education and religion
11. Formal organizations, labor and economic life
12. Urban development and changing patterns of social interaction
13. Government, political and social power
14. Revolutions and social movements
15. Global change and ecological crisis

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### **Methods and Techniques of Sociological Research I (SOC2404)**

- I - Introduction: The social research: importance, usefulness, obstacles and resources; Ethics in research; Strategies and typologies of the Social Research. The Research Project - general operating criteria.
- II - The Planification of the Research: Choice of Theme and its delimitation; the hypothesis formulation; measuring in social research.
- III - The Collection of Information: the universe to study and sampling techniques. Typologies of the observation and data collection techniques: the available information (types and relevance); the triggered information (questionnaire).

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### **Statistics Applied to Social Sciences (MAT0075)**



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### **Political Economy (ECN2283)**

Introduction: Fundamental Notions

PART I: The Context for Economic Analysis

Chapter 1: Economic Activity in Context

Chapter 2: Useful Tools and Concepts

Chapter 3: What Economies Do?

Chapter 4: Supply and Demand

PART II: Macroeconomic Basics

Chapter 5: Macroeconomic Measurement: The Current Approach

Chapter 6: Macroeconomic Measurement: Environmental and Social Dimensions

Chapter 7: Employment and Unemployment

Chapter 8: The Structure of the Portuguese Economy and EMU

PART III: Macroeconomic Theory and Policy

Chapter 9: Aggregate Demand and Economic Fluctuations

Chapter 10: Fiscal Policy

Chapter 11: Money and Monetary Policy

Chapter 12: Aggregate Supply, Aggregate Demand, and Inflation: Putting It All Together

PART IV: Macroeconomic Issues and Applications

Chapter 13: The Global Economy

Chapter 14: How Economies Grow and Develop

Chapter 15: Macroeconomic Challenges for the 21st Century

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### **Introduction to Information Technologies (INF0871)**

1. Information Systems

1.1. Definition of Information System

1.2. Difference between data and information

1.3 Types of information systems

2. The Language of the Internet

2.1. Introduction to HTML

2.2. Fundamental concepts of HTML

2.3. Information publishing on the Internet

3. The Use of Internet Portals

3.1. Content management systems

3.2. Application to a case study in the area of Information Sciences

4. The Word Processor

4.1. Introduction to word processing

4.2. The basic formatting

4.3 The use of style sheets

4.4 The construction of tables of contents

4.5 The automation of various kinds of tasks

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### **Academic Writing Skills (LLT2313)**

1.From active reading to writing - how to read to write better.

2.From the identification of the various types of written texts to writing - how to distinguish the various discursive registers.

3.From debate to writing - how to interpret the confrontation of different perspectives on a many-sided debate on a determined issue.

4.From the working hypothesis to writing - how to know and recognize what is at stake on a determined working hypothesis.

5.From the subject to the written plan - how to structure a subject in a work plan to write about the same topic.



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### **Sociological Theories I (SOC2405)**

Introduction: the role of theory in building sociological knowledge

1. Genesis of sociological thought: positivism, evolutionism and social organicism
2. Paradigms founders of sociological thought
  - 2.1 Karl Marx and the paradigm of historical materialism
  - 2.2 Emile Durkheim and the functionalist paradigm
  - 2.3 Max Weber and the comprehensive paradigm
3. Summary and discussion of the legacy of classical sociology

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### **Methods and Techniques of Sociological Research II (SOC2406)**

The Collection of Information: The Sampling and triggered information (the questionnaire and the interview)the triggered information; direct observation (characteristics, types, limitations and control procedures).

Validation, Processing and Synthesis of the Information: validation of the data (internal and external validation); the coding and quantitative and qualitative processing of the data; Tabulation and graphical representation of empirical data.

The Research Report: General aspects of a Research Report; analysis of concrete research reports.

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### **Demography (SOC2385)**

Module 1- Population Growth and Age Structure Analysis

Data and sources of demographic knowledge; The balancing equation for populations; Exponential growth; The Growth rate "r"; Doubling times; Age and sex composition; Age Pyramids; Dependency Ratios; Population Momentum.

Module 2 – Periods and Cohorts

Lexis Diagrams; The Synthetic Cohort; Period-Persons Years Lived; The Crude Rate Model; The Infant Mortality Rate

Module 3 – Cohort and Period Mortality

Cohort survival; Probabilities of dying; Cohort Life Table and Period Life Table

Module 4 – Cohort and Period Fertility

Cohort fertility and Parity; Period Measures; Period Age-Specific Fertility; Period NRR, TFR and GRR; Agestandardized Rates.

Module 5 - Location and Migration

Population Distribution by Geographic Areas; Internal Migration and Short-Distance Mobility; International Migration; Net Migration Estimation Methods.

Module 6 – Causes and consequences of population change.

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### **Cultural Anthropology (SOC2407)**

Module 1: Ethnographing Anthropos: The Object and Method of Cultural Anthropology

Module 2: Situating Anthropos: Human Evolution, Biology and Culture.

Module 3: Escavating the remains of Anthropos: Archeology & Past Time Societies

Módulo 4: Problematizing Anthropos: Epistemology, Anthropology and Culture



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### **Critical Thinking and Argumentation (FIL2321)**

Identification of questions, positions and arguments

Arguments: conclusions and reasons

Implicit premises

Intermediary conclusions

Vagueness and ambiguity

Kinds of definitions

Facts and values

Objective and subjective judgements

Representing arguments with diagrams

Does the conclusion follow from the premises?

Probability in the premises

Strong and weak inductions

Principles of rational discussion

Common mistakes in the assessment of premises

Good and bad appeals to authority

Mistaking the person for the argument

Disjunctive and conditional claims and how to deny them

Necessary and sufficient conditions

Reasoning from an hypothesis

Contrafactual reasoning

Objecting and refuting

Presenting and assessing counter-examples

Appeals to emotion

Formal fallacies and fallacies with respect to content

Reasoning by analogy

Numbers: graphs and averages

Generalizing

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### **History Themes of the twentieth century (HIS2422)**

Introduction: History and the Periodization of the "Contemporary"

1. Contemporary Societies and Modernization

2. Societies and the Wars

3. The Nationalism: from the era of nation-states and Identities to the the post-colonial´s context

4. The experiences of Democracies and Dictatorships. Political Parties and Social Organizations.

5. Empires and Colonies, Pós-colonialism and decolonization

6. International organizations

7. Regionalism and transnational communities.

8. Americanization, Sovietization and Europeanization

9 The Social States

10. Social Movements

11. Migrations, Diasporas, Returns: Mobilities in the Contemporary World

12. Cultures and knowledge of the 20 Th Century: standards, content, institutions, actors

13. Education , Higher Education and Society

Conclusion: Societies and the "Present.". Globalisations.

(up to 6 or 7 themes will be selected)



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### **Entrepreneurship and Innovation (GES2310)**

Module 1 - Introduction to Entrepreneurship and Innovation

- a. Determinants of Entrepreneurship
- b. International comparison and analyses of entrepreneurship
- c. What is innovation? Types of innovation
- d. Dynamics of innovation
- e. International comparison of innovation and situation of Portugal
- f. Entrepreneurship and innovation
- g. Intraentrepreneurship

Module 2 - From Ideas to Firm creation: The Process

- a. Analysis of Markets
- b. Analysis of business ideas
- c. Creating a viable business idea- the structuring process
- d. Simulation games- from ideas to business formation

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### **Introduction to Law (ECN2290)**

1. The meaning of the law. 2. The mode of being of law. 3. Comparative Law: a brief overview. 4. Legal institutions. 5. The Law of the rule of law.

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### **Social Psychology (PSI2423)**

1. Historical context and methodological issues
2. Interpersonal relationships
  - 2.1. Interpersonal attraction
  - 2.2. Agression and Prosocial behavior
3. Social knowledge
  - 3.1. Forming impressions of groups
  - 3.2. Causal attribution
4. Processes of social Influence
  - 4.1. Norms, conformity, obedience and inovation
  - 4.2. Attitudes and Behaviors
5. Social Identity

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### **Sociological Theories II (SOC2408)**

Introduction: multiparadigmatic and synthesis paradigms

- I. Schools and developments in the twentieth century
  1. Critical Theory (Frankfurt School)
  2. Symbolic interactionism and the Chicago School
  3. Functionalism and Structural Functionalism
- II. Reformulations and Synthesis Paradigms
  1. Pierre Bourdieu and the theory of practice
  2. Anthony Giddens and the theory of structuration
- III. Recent trends and problems





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### **Quantitative Analysis Laboratory (SOC2409)**

Module 1-The quantitative techniques in SC

1.1 Preliminary considerations on the quant data

1.1.1 The relationship between the quant and qual in SC

1.1.2 The role of statistical tech, concepts and theories in the quant analysis of social phenomena

1.1.3 Variables, pop and samples

1.1.4 The problem of data quality and its maintenance and manipulation

1.1.5 Introd to descriptive statistics and inferential statistics

Module 2-The quant approach to info

2.1 Descriptive analysis of information

2.1.1 Frequency tables

2.1.2 Location measures

2.1.3 Spread measures

2.2 Exploration of differences between variables

2.2.1 Criteria for the selection of tests

2.2.2 Parametric and nonparametric tests

2.3 Study of ass and dependence between variables

2.3.1 Contingency tables and chi-square

2.3.2 Correlations and other measures of association

2.3.3 Regression

2.3.4 Analysis of variance and covariance

Module 3-Introd to multivariate analysis

3.1 Factor Analysis

3.2 Cluster analysis

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### **Sociology of the Family (SOC2410)**

I - After all, what is family?

1.1 Definition, definitions and meanings of family

1.2 Obstacles in studying family

1.3 The sociological perspective on family

II - The sociological construction of family

2.1 The sociological thought on family

2.2 From the "family institution" to "family relation"

2.3 Individualism, late modernity and family

III - Family and families

3.1 From traditional family to the modern family

3.2 Unity and diversity of family

3.3 Families in contemporary Portugal

IV - Family Relations

4.1 Partnering: union and dissolution

4.2 Parenthood: contexts of childhood, adolescence, youth and longevity

4.3 Extended family, social networks and family solidarity

V - Family and Society

5.1 Family and economy: the work between the private and public

5.2 Family and education: the child between school and family

5.3 Family, family policy and social policy

VI. Family: contemporary themes & debates



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### **Sociology of Education (SOC2411)**

THEME 1: SOCIOLOGY OF EDUCATION

THEME 2: EDUCATION AND SOCIETY

THEME 3: EDUCATION AND (IN) EQUALITY

THEME 4: EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT

THEME 5: SOCIOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVES ABOUT THE SCHOOL

THEME 6: THE FUTURE OF EDUCATION

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### **Demographic Projections (SOC2424)**

1. Demographic current trends. Fertility, mortality and migration
2. Macrodemography principles. Life-table models. Reference populations. General principles of the stable population dynamics.
3. Demographic projections. Estimates, projections and forecast. Data sources and databases for demographic projections. Risk measurement in demographic analysis: probabilistic projections. Population projections methods. Regional projections.
4. Scenarios and projections. Application of the scenario construction methods and populations projection
6. Demographic projections evaluation

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### **Sociology of Childhood (SOC2425)**

I - Children and childhood: concepts, images and contexts

II - The sociological construction of child and the emergence of sociology of childhood

III - Epistemology, ethics and methodology in childhood studies

IV - Cultures of childhood (imaginary, consumption, differentiation and inequalities)

V - Child as social actor (autonomy, competences, knowledge and ways of participation)

VI - Childhood: contemporary themes & debates



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### **Sociology of Health (SOC2426)**

- 1: Health, Illness/Disease and Society
  - 1.1. Health and illness/disease in the context of sociology
  - 1.2. Social inequalities in health and illness/disease
  - 1.3. Sociology of Health "Agenda"
- 2: Health and Illness/Disease Experiences
  - 2.1. Social representations of health and illness/disease
  - 2.2. Family, aging and self-management health care
- 3: Body, Health and Society
  - 3.1. Risks, body and medicalized society
  - 3.2. Sociology of health promotion
- 4: Organization of Health Care Delivery
  - 4.1. Health organizations and professions
  - 4.2. Sociological diagnosis and intervention in health care organizations

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### **Sociology of Leisure and Tourism (SOC2427)**

- Module 1: Sociology Applied to the Study of Leisure and Tourism
  - 1.1 .- Theoretical and paradigms for the consideration of the Sociology of Leisure and Tourism.
- Module 2: The Leisure Society
  - 2.1 .- Leisure Time (s) free (s):
  - 2.2 .- The Leisure in modernity and late modernity
- Module 3: Tourism and Leisure
  - 3.1. Leisure and Leisure and Tourism,
  - 3.2 .- Political Public Recreation and tourism development global.
- Module 4: The Sociology and Tourism
  - 4.1 .- Sociology of Tourism:
  - 4. 2 .- Tourism as a social phenomenon and a particular form of leisure.
- Module 5: The Logical Structure and Socio-Cultural Tourism
  - 5.1.-tourism in contemporary society.
  - 5.2 .- Social classes and their relationship with Tourism elite, mass and social.
  - 5.3 .- Ratios of tourism demand:
  - 5.4 .- Tourism, cultural impacts and social inequalities

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### **Sociology of Cultural Heritage (SOC2428)**

- I - Conceptual and methodological issues;
- II - Screening and problematization of Heritage, symbolic and imaginary heritage experience;
- III - Modernity and emergency conditions of Patrimonial Experience;
- IV - The forms of mediation between the spheres of social action
- V - Forms of valuation and conversion of assets;
- VI- New technologies and Alternative Asset Model.



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### **Human Resources Development (SOC2429)**

Part I - The sociological perspective of Human Resource Management

1. Evolution of ideas about man's place in the workplace and in organizations
2. Models of Human Resource Management
3. Policies and Practices in Human Resource Management
4. The big change in work, employment and industrial relations and the challenges for Human Resource Management

Part II - Fundamentals of Human Resource Development

1. Definition and relationships between concepts: HRD, Qualification, Skills and Employability
2. Paradigms of teaching and learning and vocational training
3. Organizational performance and HRD
4. Leadership, Creativity, and HRD
5. Types of Learning and HRD: learning on the job, organizational learning and organizational development, strategic learning
6. Reflections on HRD: diversity and identity of HRD in an international perspective

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### **Planning and Social Intervention (SOC2430)**

A. The Introductory questions

1. The social situation in the World and Portugal
2. Notions and concepts.
3. The fundamentals of individual planning
4. The foundations of social / collective planning

B. Contexts current sociological intervention

1. Scope and characterization of Sociology intervention
2. Domains for a theory of action: knowledge / action, actor / system;
3. Participation and citizenship in the planning
4. New trends of Planning

C. Planning and methodology of participatory planning

1. Dimensions, functions and role of planning
2. Types of Planning
3. Models of intervention
4. Stages of development of projects of social intervention
5. Evaluation and monitoring systems
6. Obstacles / weaknesses inherent in the planning process

D. Experiences of Planning / Social Intervention

(organized by trade / public and / or entities / private organizations at national, regional and local).



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### **Sociology of Innovation and Entrepreneurship (SOC2431)**

Part 1.- The entrepreneur, entrepreneurship and innovation practices

- 1.1. The evolution of the concept of entrepreneur and business function
- 1.2. The role of SMEs in the evolution of modern societies
- 1.3. The role of knowledge and science in producing innovation
- 1.4. The social innovation: from macro to micro
- 1.5. Innovation and Sustainable Development
- 1.6. Spaces and areas of innovation; Innovation networks
- 1.7. Innovation and Globalization

Part 2.- The innovation as fundament of the business initiative

- 2.1. Concept and innovation types
- 2.2. The formation of typologies of entrepreneurs and innovation
- 2.3. The characteristics of innovative firms
- 2.4. Business cultures and innovation
- 2.5. Innovation and local cultures

Part 3.- Innovation and Entrepreneurship

- 3.1. What is meant by entrepreneurship
- 3.2. Forms and types of entrepreneurship
- 3.3. Entrepreneurship as an area of sociological research
- 3.4. Entrepreneurial culture and promotion of entrepreneurial culture

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### **Sociology of Technology (SOC2432)**

The Sociology of Technology

1. Basics: technique, science, technology, invention, innovation, diffusion, globalization;
2. Object of study and methods of the Sociology of Technology;
3. Studies on the evolution of technology and society (systems theory, actor-network theory and social constructivism) - technological determinism and social construction of technology.

Technology, Change and Development

3. Technology, socio-cultural change, attitudes and ethical issues;
4. ICT, activism and social movements;
5. ICT, public policy, governance and development of territories.

ICT, Internet and Society

6. Uses, appropriations and impacts of ICT in everyday life (at work, learning, leisure);
7. Self expression and collective mobilization with the social web, virtual communities, social networks and participation;
8. The future(s) of the Network Society and the relations between human and technology (future scenarios).

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### **Sociology of Sport (SOC2433)**

The syllabus is structured around six themes:

1. Sociological Perspective of sport.
2. Sport, socialization and culture.
3. Sport, leisure and lifestyles.
4. Sports and inequality: gender, age and social stratification.
5. Sport and globalization.
6. Violence, Ethics and Fair-Play on Sport.



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### **Sociology of Spatial Planning (SOC2434)**

#### 1 - CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

Fundamental concepts and their interconnection

Problem of regional disparities and local

Types of problem areas

#### 2 - EUROPEAN REGIONAL POLICY AND REGIONAL POLITICS PORTUGUESE

Foundations and history of regional policy and European Portuguese

Articulation of regional policy with the European regional policy Portuguese

#### 3 - ANALYSIS OF REGIONAL AND LOCAL

Indicators and measures for the characterization of the territory and local and regional imbalances

#### 4 - THE PROBLEM OF REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING

Necessary conditions and obstacles inherent in regional development

Instruments of Planning and Land Use Planning

Regionalization, municipal and municipal associations

#### 5 - THE PROBLEM OF DEVELOPMENT AND LOCAL PLANNING

Concept, conditions and obstacles to local development

Actors and experiences of local development

#### 6 - WAY FORWARD

The role of future professionals who attend the course.

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### **Sociology of Work (SOC2435)**

I - Introduction: Employment: concept, roles and relationships; Systems and structures derived from the work; Orders and types of working groups; Phenomena and problems of work in contemporary societies; Subject, field and methods of sociology of work.

II - The 'organization of work' to 'Work Organizations'

III - The progress of work and relational processes

IV - Social effects of the technical and organizational conditions of labor

V - Technological Change and Organizational Culture

VI - Organizations and labor movements

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### **Structure and Social Inequalities (SOC2412)**

Introduction: Social inequalities and the problem social classes/strata

A. Main theoretical frames

1 historical materialism and the theory of social classes

2 The functionalist paradigm and the theory of social stratification

3 Contemporary achievements

3.1 Bourdieu praxiology: habitus, field and action

3.2 The emergence of citizenship and the new social movements

3.3 Contemporary structuring of social inequalities: gender, ethnicity, poverty

B. Measuring issues and operational procedures

C. Social occupational dynamics in Portuguese and western societies



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### **Qualitative Analysis Laboratory (SOC2413)**

- 1- Technical specifics of qualitative data collection;
- 2- Non-verbal language;
- 3 DATA ANALYSIS -Interpretative Hypotheses; hermenêuticos of problems analysis;-Techniques of -The comparison. different forms of analysis contents;- Thematic analysis content;- Structural analysis contents;- Introduction to discourse analysis and narrative.
- 4-the validity- Search forms validation; Between the paradigms of the scientific community.
- 5-institutional analysis -Genesis and assumptions.I.;-InstituiçãoWhat is it? -What the sociologist can do;- models of other fields of know;- importance of the analysis discursive;- modalização psychoanalytic; staff for the socio-institutional;- search of omissions and recalcaamentos;-Assumptions conflict resolution.

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### **Sociology of Communication and Media (SOC2414)**

- 1 - The future of Communication
- 2 - Concepts and models
- 3 - The importance of the media: A history of Media; The birth of the journalistic press; The cinema; Birth of the radio and Tv: The recorded music
- 4 - Media Communication studies
- 5 - The Business of Media
- 6 - Audiences and Competition for attention
- 7 - New Media Electronic ; New Processes
- 8 - Society of Communication and information society: where is a and where is the other?

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### **Sociology of Development (SOC2415)**

#### **A. FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS AND THEIR INTER-RELATION**

1. Growth, Development, Underdevelopment, Progress, Change, Globalization, Comparative Advantage, Competitive Advantage, Innovation and New Economy.

#### **B. FACTORS AND THEORIES OF (SUB) DEVELOPMENT**

2. Diversification and mutability of the centers of power and decision
3. From growth to development: the genesis and persistence of the structures of underdevelopment, the causes, conditions and determinants
4. Theories of (sub) economic and social development

#### **C. ISSUES OF DEVELOPMENT IN THE WORLD TODAY**

5. The development on a global scale: the large imbalances between countries and regions
6. The Development Cooperation
7. The principles of a "new strategy for development"
8. The case of Portugal, needs, desires and aspirations vs. structural aspects of Portuguese society.

#### **D. SCENARIOS FOR THE WORLD-SYSTEM**

9. Challenges, consensus, risks and uncertainties of a multipolar world.
10. Trends and possible futures for the world-system.



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### **Sociology of Peace and Conflicts (SOC2298)**

Introductory Questions: Conceptual framework of the discipline; The issue of the phenomena of peace and conflict in an international context.

State Power and Violence: The role of state and other actors in the international system; The political and military power in a democracy; Defense policy and departmental policy; Military Institution, Society and Political Power

The Geopolitics of Peace and Conflict: Power, geography and conflict in our times; War and Peace: the use of violence and the "Agenda for Peace"

Horizons research on peace and war: Research for peace: the current situation and future prospects; Main theories on the origin of war

New forms of warfare and violence without borders: Military and nonmilitary threats; Transnationalization of defense and security and systems of collective security; Redefinition of implementation strategies and missions of the forces involved; Models of relationship between international security and peace keeping.

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### **Sociology of Organizations (SOC2416)**

Module 1. The organizational phenomenon and study of organizations

1.1. Definition and objectives of sociology of organizations

1.2. Renewal the organizational insight

Module 2. Reflections about concept of organization

2.1. Definitions of organization

2.2. Components of organizational structure

Module 3. Evolution of organization theories

3.1. Organizations as rational systems

3.2. Organizations as human and social systems

3.3. Organizations as open systems

Module 4. Dynamics of individuals and groups in organizations

4.1. Actors in organizational context

4.2. Power and decision in organizations

4.3. Identity and organizational culture

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### **Contemporary Social Problems (SOC2417)**

1. Social problem and sociological problem

2. Perspectives of study for social problems

3. Political and doctrinal perspectives on social problems

4. Great social problems of today: Environmental problems, Demographic, Economic and globalization, Health, disease and society, Education, Deviant behaviors, Ideological issues.

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### **Research Laboratory - Project Preparation (SOC2418)**

1. Themes and processes of sociological research: developing research projects.

2. The research process.

2.1 Construction of the object: the starting question (reflection, readings and exploratory interviews)

2.2 The problematic and the analysis model (theoretical discussion, concepts and working hypotheses)

2.3 Problems of operationalization

3. Design and research strategies (intensive-qualitative, comparative-typological, extensive-quantitative)





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### **Economic Sociology (SOC2419)**

Introduction

Chapter I - The Companies

1. Economic neo-institutionalism (theory of transaction costs and agency theory)
2. Sociological neo-institutionalism (impact of economic action in social structure)
3. Neo-institutionalism organizational
4. New organizational configurations (networks)

Chapter II - The markets

1. Sociological approaches markets
2. Labor Markets
3. Financial markets
4. Social meaning of money

Chapter III - Entrepreneurship and informal economy

1. Historical figures of entrepreneurship (Marx, Weber, Schumpeter)
2. Culture and entrepreneurship
3. Social capital, trust and economic performance

Chapter IV - Impacts of globalization on economic development

1. Globalization and national economic models

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### **Sociology of Culture (SOC2420)**

1. Culture as a subject of sociological analysis
  - 1.1 Notions of culture (popular, scholarly, and masses)
  - 1.2 One dimension of social phenomena / a specific type of social phenomena
2. Two main theoretical and methodological perspectives
  - 2.1 The perspective of production and the fields of cultural production
  - 2.2 Theories of reception: segmentation of audiences and consumption; socio-cultural identities
3. Cultural dynamics in the context of globalization
  - 3.1 Market, cultural mediation and cultural policies
  - 3.2 Empirical studies of the Portuguese reality

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### **Research Laboratory - Project Execution (SOC2421)**

1. The Observation Process

- 1.1. Observe what?
- 1.2. Observe who?: Population and sample
- 1.3. Observe how?: the instruments of observation – design, testing and data collection
- 1.4. key information gathering methods: questionnaire, interviews, direct observation and pre-existing data collection and secondary data
- 1.5. The fieldwork

2. The ANALYSIS of the INFORMATION

- 2.1. Three operations: data preparation: describe and aggregate; Analysis of the relationship between variables; Comparison of the observed results with the expected results and interpretation of the differences;
- 2.2. The main methods of analysis of information: statistical analysis of data; Content analysis;

3. The CONCLUSIONS

- 3.1. the broad Retrospective of the procedure
- 3.2. New contributions to the knowledge of the object of study
- 3.3. Practical considerations

4. The wording of the REPORT

- 4.1 specific procedures for the drafting of the report