



Study Plan

School: School of Sciences and Technology

Degree: Bachelor

Course: Biochemistry (cód. 644)

1st Year - 1st Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
MAT11959L	Biostatistics with Computer Software	Mathematics	6	Semester	156
QUI11958L	Principles and Methods in Chemistry	Chemistry	9	Semester	234
MAT11960L	Mathematics I	Mathematics	6	Semester	156
QUI11459L	Lab Techniques and Methods I	Chemistry	3	Semester	78
FIS11961L	Physics 1.1	Physics	6	Semester	156

1st Year - 2nd Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
QUI1084L	Physical Chemistry I	Chemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI11962L	Organic Chemistry I	Chemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI11963L	Principles and Methods in Biochemistry and Bioinorganics	Biochemistry	9	Semester	234
MAT12237L	Mathematics II	Mathematics	6	Semester	156
QUI11464L	Lab Techniques and Methods II	Chemistry	3	Semester	78

2nd Year - 3rd Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
QUI0344L	Biochemical Analysis I	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI12394L	Physical Biochemistry	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
BIO0408L	Microbiology	Biological Sciences	6	Semester	156
QUI0348L	Biochemistry	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
BIO10917L	Cell Biology	Biological Sciences	6	Semester	156

2nd Year - 4th Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
QUI12395L	Biochemical Analysis II	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI0350L	Microbial Biochemistry	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI12396L	Enzymology	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI0347L	Biomembranes	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI1080L	Chemistry of Natural Products	Chemistry	3	Semester	78
QUI12397L	Organic Chemistry II A	Chemistry	3	Semester	78



3rd Year - 5th Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
QUI12253L	Enzymes Technology	Chemical and Bio-chemical Engineering	6	Semester	156
BIO12411L	Animal Physiology	Biological Sciences	6	Semester	156
QUI12398L	Biochemistry of Nucleic Acids	Biochemistry	3	Semester	78
QUI12399L	Nucleic Acids Biochemistry Lab	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156

Options I/II

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
QUI12402L	Inorganic Biochemistry	Biochemistry	3	Semester	78
QUI11482L	Cell Biophysics	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI11483L	Introduction to Clinical Biochemistry	Biochemistry	3	Semester	78
QUI12403L	Pharmacognosy	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI12243L	Bromatology and Nutrition	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI12254L	Fermentation Technology	Chemical and Bio-chemical Engineering	6	Semester	156
QUI12404L	Chemistry of Natural Waters	Chemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI11983L	Forensic Chemistry	Chemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI11980L	Chemistry Applied to Heritage	Chemistry	6	Semester	156
BIO11471L	Immunology	Biological Sciences	6	Semester	156
BIO12405L	Human Genetics	Biological Sciences	3	Semester	78
BIO11480L	Virology	Biological Sciences	6	Semester	156
QUI12242L	Techniques of Animal Tissue Culture	Chemical and Bio-chemical Engineering	3	Semester	78
GES2310L	Entrepreneurship and Innovation	Management	6	Semester	156
INF11968L	Introduction to Programming	Informatics	6	Semester	156
FIL0637L	Bioethics	Philosophy	3	Semester	78
LLT2285L	Foreign Language - English	Languages and Literature	3	Semester	78
Free Option					

*** TRANSLATE ME:UC's do 3º Ano de recuperação no 5º semestre ***

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
QUI12401L	* Learning in Work Context	Biochemistry	15	Semester	390



3rd Year - 6th Semester

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
QUI12400L	Biochemical Toxicology	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI0358L	Metabolism and Energetics	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI12401L	Learning in Work Context	Biochemistry	15	Semester	390

Options I/II

Component code	Name	Scientific Area Field	ECTS	Duration	Hours
QUI12402L	Inorganic Biochemistry	Biochemistry	3	Semester	78
QUI11482L	Cell Biophysics	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI11483L	Introduction to Clinical Biochemistry	Biochemistry	3	Semester	78
QUI12403L	Pharmacognosy	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI12243L	Bromatology and Nutrition	Biochemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI12254L	Fermentation Technology	Chemical and Bio-chemical Engineering	6	Semester	156
QUI12404L	Chemistry of Natural Waters	Chemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI11983L	Forensic Chemistry	Chemistry	6	Semester	156
QUI11980L	Chemistry Applied to Heritage	Chemistry	6	Semester	156
BIO11471L	Immunology	Biological Sciences	6	Semester	156
BIO12405L	Human Genetics	Biological Sciences	3	Semester	78
BIO11480L	Virology	Biological Sciences	6	Semester	156
QUI12242L	Techniques of Animal Tissue Culture	Chemical and Bio-chemical Engineering	3	Semester	78
GES2310L	Entrepreneurship and Innovation	Management	6	Semester	156
INF11968L	Introduction to Programming	Informatics	6	Semester	156
FIL0637L	Bioethics	Philosophy	3	Semester	78
LLT2285L	Foreign Language - English	Languages and Literature	3	Semester	78
Free Option					



Conditions for obtaining the Degree:

*** TRANSLATE ME:

Para obtenção do grau de licenciado em Bioquímica é necessário obter aprovação a 168 ECTS em unidades de curriculares obrigatórias e 12 ECTS em unidades curriculares optativas, distribuídas da seguinte forma:

1º Ano

1º Semestre:

5 UC Obrigatórias num total de 30 ECTS

2º Semestre

5 UC Obrigatórias num total de 30 ECTS

2º Ano

3º Semestre

5 UC Obrigatórias num total de 30 ECTS

4º Semestre

6 UC Obrigatórias num total de 30 ECTS

3º Ano

5º Semestre

4 UC Obrigatórias num total de 21 ECTS

UC Optativas plano do curso do Grupo I / II ou optativa livre num total de 9 ECTS

6º Semestre

2 UC Obrigatórias num total de 12 ECTS

Estágio num total de 15 ECTS

UC Optativas plano do curso do Grupo I / II ou optativa livre num total de 3 ECTS

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Biostatistics with Computer Software (MAT11959L)

One-dimensional and two-dimensional descriptive statistics.

Probability topics. Random variables. Distribution function.

Discrete and continuous probability distributions.

Sampling. Sampling distributions.

Point estimation and confidence intervals

Tests for the mean, variance, proportion, comparison of means (independent samples and paired samples),

comparison of variances and comparison of proportions. Analysis of variance. Nonparametric tests.

Use of programs on the MS Windows. MS Excel. SPSS statistical software.

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Principles and Methods in Chemistry (QUI11958L)

Atomic theory and evolution of the atomic models. Quantum theory and electronic structure of atoms.

Periodic relations between the elements. Basic concepts of chemical bonding. Ionic bonding. Covalent

bonding (Lewis structures, VSEPR model, VB theory, MO theory). Molecular interactions. States of

aggregation. Gas equations. Perfect gas mixtures. Chemical thermodynamics. Phase equilibrium.

Properties of solutions. General aspects of chemical equilibrium in ideal systems. Acid-base, solubility,

complexation and oxidation-reduction equilibria. Electrochemistry. Chemical kinetics.



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Mathematics I (MAT11960L)

1. Topological concepts in IR
2. Differential calculus in IR: Derivative at a point and physical interpretation. Rules of derivation. Rolle, Lagrange and Cauchy Theorems. L'Hôpital and Cauchy Rules. Monotonicity, concavity and asymptotes.
3. Primitives: Primitives. Primitives by parts and by substitution. Primitives of rational functions.
4. Integration: Integral of Darboux and Riemann. Properties of the integral. The fundamental theorem of calculus and Barrow's formula. Integration by parts and substitution.
5. Applications of integral calculus: Areas. Length of a line. Volumes and areas of solids of revolution.
6. Improper integrals: Convergence theorems. Absolute Convergence.
7. Numerical series: Geometric and Mengoli series. Nonnegative real series. Alternating series. Absolute convergence.
8. Power series: Definitions. Taylor and Mac-Laurin series.
9. ODE: Homogeneous non-homogeneous linear ODE of order n. Applications

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Lab Techniques and Methods I (QUI11459L)

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Physics 1.1 (FIS11961L)

Introduction ; Physics and measurements; Vectors

Trajectory; velocity and acceleration.

Force and mass; Newton's dynamic laws; Momentum and momentum conservation; Work; Principle of conservation of energy.

Rotation; Angular displacement, angular velocity, angular acceleration; Torque about an axis. Kinetic energy of rotation; Angular momentum; conservation of angular momentum. Gravity

Temperature and heat; thermal expansion; Heat and internal energy; State changes; The transfer of heat;

The ideal gas law and kinetic theory; The first law of thermodynamics; The second law of thermodynamics.

Electromagnetic waves; properties of light; Optical images

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Physical Chemistry I (QUI1084L)

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Organic Chemistry I (QUI11962L)

Classification and nomenclature of organic compounds. The chemical bond in organic molecules. Drawing molecules. Constitutional isomers. Stereoisomers and conformational analysis. Electronic structure of organic molecules. Reactivity of organic molecules. Nucleophilic substitution at saturated carbon.

Elimination reactions. Electrophilic addition to alkenes. Electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions.

Accomplishment of laboratory experiments for the application of fundamental techniques of synthesis, extraction, isolation and identification of organic compounds.



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Principles and Methods in Biochemistry and Bioinorganics (QUI11963L)

Biochemistry: Living Organisms: structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells. Methodology and technical approaches used in Biochemistry. Water: the medium of life. Inorganic ions in biologic systems. Physiologic buffers. Functional characteristics of biomolecules. Carbohydrates, Aminoacids, peptides and proteins Classification of metallic biomolecules. Main biochemical functions of metal ions. Nucleotides and nucleic acids. Lipids, and lipoproteins. Structure and properties of biomembranes. Enzymes and enzymatic kinetic. Bioenergetics and Bioelectrochemistry. The role of ATP in biological processes. Introduction to the metabolism. Anabolic and biosynthesis processes. The major metabolic pathways. Some applications of bioinorganic biochemistry. The role of inorganic elements in the life: essential elements, toxic elements and their use in therapeutic and diagnostic practices. Biodistribution of inorganic elements and interaction with biomolecules and specific function in the life.

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Mathematics II (MAT12237L)

I – Linear Algebra

1. Vector spaces
2. Linear functions
3. Matrices and Linear Systems of Equations .
4. Determinants – Permutations.
5. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors– Definitions. The characteristic polynomial. Algebraic and geometric multiplicities. Inverse matrix calculation. Matrix diagonalization.

II – Differential Calculus in \mathbb{R}^n

1. Dot Product – Dot product. Euclidean spaces. Cauchy-Schwarz inequality. Orthogonal bases. Projections. Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process. Cross and mixed products properties and geometrical applications
2. Topology & Scalar and Vector Fields - Notions of topology. Scalar and vector fields. Domain and range. Graphical representation. Level sets of scalar fields.
3. Limits and Continuity - Limit in scalar and vector fields. Branching limits. Properties of limits. Continuity and continuity prolongation.
4. Differential calculus -Differentiability of scalar and vector fields.

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Lab Techniques and Methods II (QUI11464L)

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Biochemical Analysis I (QUI0344L)

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Physical Biochemistry (QUI12394L)

1. Structure of biomacromolecules.
2. Interactions in aqueous medium and in hydrophobic medium.
3. Notions of symmetry.
4. Fundamentals of Statistical Mechanics and Molecular Thermodynamics.
5. Introduction to Molecular Modeling tools.
6. Thermodynamic aspects of solutions of macromolecules.
7. Fundamentals of non-equilibrium thermodynamics.
8. Characterization of sedimentation phenomena, electrophoresis and transport through membranes.



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Microbiology (BIO0408L)

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Biochemistry (QUI0348L)

I – Lectures Program

- 1) Introduction to the metabolism. Metabolic pathways and their control. Clinical correlations.
- 2) Carbohydrate metabolism and their control: glycolysis. gluconeogenesis; glicogenolysis and glycogenesis; pentose phosphate pathways. Piruvic acid degradation.
- 3) Acetyl Co-A pathways. Tricarboxylic acids cycle and their regulation.
- 4) Electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation.
- 5) Glyoxilic acid cycle. Photosynthesis and photorespiration.
- 6) Lipid metabolism and their control: Beta-oxidation and bio-synthesis of fatty acids; Ketone bodies; prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes; phospholipids; sphingolipids; cholesterol; plasma lipoproteins.
- 7) Amino acid metabolism and their control. Purine and pyrimidine metabolism. Iron and heme metabolism.
- 8) Fundamentals of genetic information and expression. Acid nucleic biosynthesis. Transcription. Proteins biosynthesis.
- 9) Integration of metabolism. Metabolic interrelationships and their control. Role of hormones in Biochemistry.
- 10) Main metabolic correlations.

II - Laboratorial works:

- 1- Presentation. The Objectives and evaluation of laboratorial component.
- 2- Research and administration of Information in Biochemistry
- 3- Study of phosphate compounds hydrolysis
- 4- Electron transport in thylakoid membrane and proton gradient
- 5- Oxidative Phosphorylation - Part I
- 6- Oxidative Phosphorylation - Part II
- 7- Biomembrane permeabilization (Study of metabolic pathways in situ)

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Cell Biology (BIO10917L)

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Biochemical Analysis II (QUI12395L)

Fundamentals, instrumentation, practical aspects and applications in Biochemistry of:

- i) Vis/UV atomic spectrometry, with particular emphasis on the introduction to inductively coupled plasma spectroscopies (ICP-AES/OES and ICP-MS);
- ii) Raman spectroscopies;
- iii) Voltammetric and amperometric electrochemical methods;
- iv) Electrochemical Biosensors (including the immunosensors);
- v) Mass spectrometry and hyphenation to chromatographic analysis methods (GC-MS e LC-MS);
- vi) Immunochemistry, production and analytical application of specific antibodies.
- vii) Radiochemistry: Equipment, detection of radioactivity by liquid scintillation, applications. Intelligent data analysis: Data Mining applied to biochemistry databases; Treatment and quality of information; Trust score. Mono and 2D NMR for structural analysis of biomolecules (^1H , ^{13}C , DEPT, COSY, HMBC, HMQC, INADEQUATE, NOESY, TOCSY, ...); NMR of other important nuclei (^{15}N , ^{19}F , ^{31}P e ^{29}Si).



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Microbial Biochemistry (QUI0350L)

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Enzymology (QUI12396L)

1. Catalytic activity of proteins and RNA. Terminology. Reaction curves, deviation to linearity, v_0 , E_{act} , transition state complex.
2. Continuous and discontinuous assays to v_0 determination. Burst and lag phases. Interferences in v_0 determination
3. The Henri-Michaelis-Menten equation. Parameters V_{max} e K_m . Effects of $[E]$, T , pH , $[I]$ $[A]$, $[S]$. Failure to obey rectangular hyperbola, k_m and V_{max} determination, different graphics models.
4. Units and specific activity.
5. Mechanisms of enzymatic reaction, reactions of more than one substrate, enzymatic inhibition.
6. Regulation of enzymatic activity. Post-translation modifications. Allostery and cooperativity, mathematics models.
7. Extraction, solubilization and purification of enzymes, homogenization, centrifugation, organic solvents, polymers e chromatographic methods.
8. Physico-chemical characterization of enzymes.



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Biomembranes (QUI0347L)

Lecture component

1. Introduction

*f*_i Objectives of this course

*f*_i Biomembranes: I) introduction to its chemical composition, structure and function; II) review of proposed models of biomembranes structure

2. Membrane lipids

*f*_i Phospholipids, glucolipids and cholesterol

*f*_i Lipid compositional changes among tissues

*f*_i Aspects of macromolecular organization of membrane lipids: Monolayers, micelles and liposomes

3. Physical aspects of biomembranes

*f*_i Fluidity and dynamic of biomembranes

*f*_i Electrical properties of biomembranes

4. Biosynthesis of membrane lipids and biomembranes

*f*_i Synthesis, transport e distribution of membrane lipids

*f*_i Synthesis and insertion of protein into biomembranes

*f*_i Association of lipids and proteins in biomembranes: Lipid protein interactions

5. Membrane-bound enzymes

*f*_i Molecular structure of membrane bound enzymes: Peripheral, anchored and transmembrane enzymes

*f*_i Sidedness and topography of membrane enzymes

*f*_i Consequences of membrane binding: Role of lipid protein interaction (lipid annulus); Substrate compartmentalization; Bidimensional diffusion

6. Transmembrane transport

*f*_i Thermodynamic of the do transport: Passive diffusion and primary and secondary transport

*f*_i Kinetic and mechanism of the transport

*f*_i Diversity of transport in bacteria

7. Ionic Transport

*f*_i Ion pumps, exchangers and channels

*f*_i Ionophores: Structure and mechanism of action

8. Ion channels

*f*_i Structure and function

*f*_i Kinetic properties and regulation

9. Electrical properties of biomembranes

*f*_i Membrane potential and electrical activity

*f*_i Electrophysiological methods

10. Signal transduction across biomembranes

*f*_i Receptors for neurotransmitters: Structure and function

*f*_i Receptors for peptide hormones: Structure and function

*f*_i Intracellular messengers in signal transduction:

o G-proteins and Ras proteins

o cAMP and cGMP in signal transduction;

o Phospholipases and phospholipids in signal transduction;

o Membrane associated protein kinases and phosphatases;

o The role of Ca²⁺

*f*_i Receptors and the intracellular messenger cascades

* recovery

11. Intracellular vesicular trafficking

*f*_i Membrane transport: Vesicle formation and transport; Vesicle coating and trafficking; Involvement of microtubules

*f*_i Regulated endocytosis



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Chemistry of Natural Products (QUI1080L)

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Organic Chemistry II A (QUI12397L)

1. Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry. Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) ^1H e ^{13}C , Infra-Red spectroscopy, UV/VIS spectroscopy, Mass spectrometry.
2. Carbonyl Compounds. Aldehydes and ketones, Electronic structure. Reactions: Nucleophilic addition reactions, including the aldol and its significance in biosynthesis. α -dicarbonyl and α,β -unsaturated compounds. Acidity, the malonic ester synthesis, acetoacetic acid synthesis, the Claisen condensation and the Michael addition reaction. Carboxylic acids and their derivatives. Synthesis and interconversion between carboxylic acid derivatives.
4. Heterocyclic aromatic compounds. Synthesis and reactivity of pyridines, pyrroles, imidazoles, and pyrazoles, their application in medicinal and pharmaceutical chemistry.

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Enzymes Technology (QUI12253L)

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Animal Physiology (BIO12411L)

Syllabus (main topics) of Seminar Lectures

1. Definitions and concepts in animal physiology.
2. Neuron physiology.
3. Information flow between neurons (synapses and neural networks).
4. Muscle physiology and movement.
5. Sensory physiology.
6. Nervous system.
7. Glands and endocrinology.
8. Circulatory system.
9. Gas exchange and acid-base balance.
10. Ionic and osmotic balance.
11. Feeding and digestion.
12. Metabolism and energy.

Syllabus (main topics) of Tutorial-based Group Work

Experiment simulations using dedicated software simulators as tools for problem-solving based acquisition of knowledge and competences.

1. Electrochemical potential and balance, relative ionic permeability and membrane potential.
2. Action potential and underlying membrane mechanisms.
3. Ionic currents across membrane channels; intracellular recording simulation ("current-clamp" and "voltage clamp") and "patch-clamp".
4. Axon electric-circuit equivalent.
5. Synaptic transmission (chemical synapse).
6. Neuron networks and lateral inhibition in sensory systems.
7. Regulation of striated muscle contraction.
8. Neural and endocrine regulation of the cardiovascular system in a virtual rat.



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Biochemistry of Nucleic Acids (QUI12398L)

1. Gene concept, housekeeping and inductive genes.
2. Genetic material in eukaryotes, bacteria and viruses. Structure of DNA and RNA.
3. Restriction and modification systems.
4. DNA sequencing.
5. DNA replication, mutation and repair mechanisms.
6. Localizing and specific identification of genes.
7. Detection and amplifying sequences of DNA by PCR.
8. Transcription. RNA processing and maturation. Reverse transcription.
9. Regulation of gene expression.
10. DNA cloning, vectors. DNA and cDNA libraries.
11. Analysis of gene expression by RT-PCR and microarrays.
12. Functional genomic.
13. Applications of recombinant DNA technology in bacteria, yeasts, plants and animals.
14. Gene therapy.
15. Translation, genetic code. Chaperones and folding.
16. Oncogenes and tumor-suppressor genes.
17. Bioinformatics, homologies, ORFs, metabolic pathways, protein sequence and protein localization.

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Nucleic Acids Biochemistry Lab (QUI12399L)

1. Extraction of nucleic acids from different biological materials, viral, bacterial and plasmid DNA, nuclear and organelles DNA; RNA and mRNA .
2. Utilization of restriction endonucleases, DNA ligases and DNA polymerases.
3. Restriction maps and DNA sequencing.
4. Polymorphisms detection, RFLP, RAPD and microsatellites.
5. DNA Polymerisation chain reaction (PCR), detection and amplifying of specific sequences. Technical modifications of PCR: RT-PCR, quantitative PCR and real-time PCR.
6. DNA cloning, vectors, host cells, construct and analysis of DNA and cDNA libraries.
7. Gene expression, analysis of genetic expression by northern and western blotting and RT-PCR.
8. Cloning and heterologous expression of gene sequences.
9. OGMs and detection of OGMs in food using PCR.
10. DNA technology in industry, medicine, agriculture and research. Ethic and risks.

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Inorganic Biochemistry (QUI12402L)

Introduction to Inorganic Biochemistry: scope and importance.

Fundamentals of chemistry applied to biological systems: the importance of water; fundamental concepts of thermochemistry, thermodynamics and kinetics; the elements and formal oxidation states; redox chemistry; coordination geometry and electronic structures of biologically important metal ions; thermodynamic stability, kinetics and mechanisms of reactions involving metal complexes.

Biochemistry of the elements: essential and toxic elements; occurrence in biological systems; chemical environment and/or structure; relation structure-function in vivo.

Metals with non-redox activity: Na, K, Ca, Zn, Cd.

Metals with redox activity: Fe, Mn, Cu, V, Cr, Mo, W, Ni, Co.

The non-metals with non-redox activity: Si, P, B.

The non-metals with redox activity: S, Se, halogens, As.

Brief reference to the elements in medicine: therapeutic and diagnostic applications.



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Cell Biophysics (QUI11482L)

1. Water and electrolytes in biology. 2. Permeability diffusion and across biomembranes. 3. Bioelectricity: electrical phenomena in cells; membrane resistance and capacitance; origin of resting membrane potential. Techniques for the study electrical phenomena in biological systems. 4. Ionic transport: pumps, exchangers and ionophores. Thermodynamic of ionic transport. 5. Ionic channels: structure, function and ionic permeation; Patch-clamp technique. 6. Electrogenesis and cellular excitability; 7. Propagation of electrical signals. 9. Sensorial transduction. 10. Anomalies in ionic transport and related pathologies.

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Introduction to Clinical Biochemistry (QUI11483L)

Basic concepts in Clinical Biochemistry. The problematic of a Clinical Biochemistry Lab. Quality management. Biological specimens. Collection and handling of biological samples. Quality control. Techniques and methods of analysis used individually or in automatic analyzers. Reference values and their clinical significance.

Main biochemical markers used in diagnosis and monitoring of these diseases. Plasmatic proteins. Water and electrolytes balance. Disorders of renal and liver function. Main serum biochemical markers on diagnosis and monitoring of hepatic disease, acute myocardial infarction and pancreatic. Plasmatic lipoproteins metabolism, metabolic disorders and risk factor for cardiovascular diseases.

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Pharmacognosy (QUI12403L)

General concepts, historical development of Pharmacognosy and its relationship with other disciplines

Drugs, pharmaca and medicines of natural origin

Products of primary and secondary metabolism, with medicinal or pharmaceutical interest: biogénese, obtaining, conservation and control

Pharmacokinetics principles applied to drugs of natural origin

Mechanisms of action and toxicity of drugs of natural origin

Research of new drugs of natural origin, its efficacy and safety

Some of common therapeutic uses of drugs and drugs of plant origin and their interactions

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Bromatology and Nutrition (QUI12243L)

Diet and human Nutrition. Food Story. Principles of Nutrition. The nutritional needs of the human body.

Macro and micronutrients. The nutrition on the various steps of life and on hospital patient. Functional, diet and light foods. Special foods for people with genetic anomalies and another change of metabolism.

Characterization of the different groups of nutrients. Physical and chemical methods to preserve foods.

Chemical and Biochemical analysis of foods. Food safety. HACCP system and Food Quality Control.



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Fermentation Technology (QUI12254L)

1. Introduction to fermentation technology
2. Microorganisms and culture media for industrial applications
3. Cleaning procedures
- 3.1. Sterilization
4. Design of bioreactors
- 4.1. Bioreactor classification
- 4.2. Bioreactor scale-up and scale-down
- 4.3. Aeration and agitation
- 4.4. Bioreactor configuration. Reactor size. Mode operation.
5. Fermentation process
- 5.1- Kinetics of fermentation processes
- 5.2. Fermentation control, monitoring and modelling
6. Downstream processes (recovery and purification of fermentation products)
7. Examples of the most important industrial fermentation processes

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Chemistry of Natural Waters (QUI12404L)

Water history, art and culture
The hydrological cycle
Sources of water
National and European regulation of water industry
Drinking water production
Qualitative and quantitative characterization of water
Chemical and physical properties of water
Chemical equilibria in natural water
Atmosphere – water – sediments interactions
Cycling, regulation and biological role of trace metals
Regulation of chemical composition of natural water
Water quality modelling

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Forensic Chemistry (QUI11983L)

The crime scene.
Collection and handling of evidence.
Analysis of drugs.
Analysis of traces of fuel in arson.
Analysis and processing of fingerprints.
DNA analysis.
Fiber analysis.
Analysis of firing of firearms.
Analysis of traces of paint.
Analysis of explosives.



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Chemistry Applied to Heritage (QUI11980L)

Introduction and background (Art and Heritage, Conservation and the Charter of Venice, Heritage Science vs Heritage and Science). Color: physical, chemical and physiological properties. Pigments: history of its use, physical and chemical properties. Binders, varnishes, consolidants and glues. Easel painting - production techniques and conservation. Mortar and stone materials - classification, pathologies and conservation. Metals - classification, corrosion and conservation. Glass and ceramics - classification, production, pathologies and conservation. Textile and dyes - classification and conservation. Documents - classification, pathologies and conservation. Photography - chemistry of photographic processes, pathologies and conservation. Techniques of physical and chemical analysis of cultural and artistic artifacts - area exams, in-situ analytical techniques, microanalysis techniques

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Immunology (BIO11471L)

Theoretical programme:

1. Introduction to the immune system. General aspects.
2. Components of the immune system
3. Antigens and antibodies
4. Gene organisation and expression of immunoglobulin's
5. Immune responses
6. Effector mechanisms of the immune response
7. The immune system in the health and disease
8. Monoclonal antibodies
9. Experimental immunology

Laboratory programme:

1. Introduction. Programming of the course
2. Experimental immunisation
3. Purification of immunoglobulin's
4. Test to the students natural immunity
5. Immunoprecipitation techniques
6. Observation of blood cells
7. ELISA
8. Autonomous laboratory work: goat immunisation and its characterisation

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Human Genetics (BIO12405L)

Characteristics of nuclear and mitochondrial genomes. Population genetics. Mechanisms of occurrence of mutations and mechanisms for redress. Two genome diseases - mitochondrial citopathology. Complex diseases, degenerative diseases and the example of autism. Chromosomal diseases. Hereditary errors of metabolism of amino acids, lipids and carbohydrates. General notions of Nutrigenomics. The Nutrigenomics and cellular metabolism. Pharmacogenomics. Epigenetics. microRNAs. Gene Therapy. Ethics. Legislation. Genetic Counseling. Theoretical-practical: Case studies. Heredogramas analysis. Genetic databases. Biostatistics applied genetics to the Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium and association studies. Methods of analysis in human genetics. Application of Molecular genetic methods to the study of pathology and validation of pathogenicity of mutations. Methods of large-scale Genomics analysis



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Virology (BIO11480L)

Theoretical Programme

1. Introduction and functioning of the course
2. General and Molecular Virology
3. Taxonomy and Systematics
4. Infection and infectious agents
5. Immunology of viral infections
6. Epidemiology of viral diseases
7. Treatment and prevention of viral diseases
8. Diagnostic of viruses
9. Biotechnological applications of virus

Laboratory Programme

1. Theoretical introduction. Biosafety in the laboratory.
2. Experimental study of virus
3. Plant viral Infection (tobacco)
4. Bacterial growth curve
5. Preparation of an elevated titre virus
6. Dosing of virus - Plaque forming assay
7. Dosing of virus - Limiting dilutions
8. Autonomous laboratory work: isolation and characterisation of an wild bacteriophage

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Techniques of Animal Tissue Culture (QUI12242L)

Cell culture: advantages and disadvantages.

Type of cell culture: embryonic and adult tissue. Primary or tumor cell culture.

Adherent cell cultures: Epithelium, fibroblasts, neuroendocrine and neuronal cells.

Nonadherent cell cultures: blood cells.

Production and maintenance of cell lines.

Cell culture media composition, supplements, pH buffers, O₂, CO₂ and saline solutions and indicators;

Chemical defined media; Enzymes.

Normal cell culture procedures: separation, purification and identification.

Culture cell lines procedures and preservation methods.

Viability of cells maintained in culture.

Safety aspects of handling cells.

Transfection and hybridoma production.

Applications of cell cultures for research purposes (biomedicine and cellular biology) and in biotechnological industry (production of valuable compounds using cell cultures).



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Entrepreneurship and Innovation (GES2310L)

Module 1 – Introduction to Entrepreneurship and Innovation

- a. Definitions and concepts of Entrepreneurship
- b. Profile and characteristics of entrepreneurs
- c. Social entrepreneurship and intrapreneurship
- d. What is innovation? Types of innovation
- d. Dynamics of innovation

Module 2 – Conception and Structuring business ideas

- a. Process and techniques of generating ideas
- b. Design Thinking tool
- c. Evaluation of business ideas
- d. The process of creating a business idea and firm
- e. Simulation games- from ideas to business formation

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Introduction to Programming (INF11968L)

Introduction to Programming with Python language

Use of interpreter in script and interactive modes

Variables, expressions and statements

Defining and Using Functions

Control structures

Native data structures

Sequential data structures: lists, tuples and strings.

Associative data structures: dictionaries.

Basics of input / output (I / O)

File manipulation

Graphic interface

Use of libraries

Libraries with advanced functionality for scientific calculation

Program development

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Bioethics (FIL0637L)

1 – Introduction to Bioethics. The relations between Ethics, Moral and Bioethics. Free will as condition of possibility of any Bioethics project. Introduction to a History of Ethics. From Biology to Philosophy: the limits between animal and human. Bioethics and Epistemology.

2 – Bioethics, Deontology and Professional Activities: Teaching, Researching, Paramedical Activities.

3 – Some Contemporary Bioethical Problems: abortion, cloning, euthanasia, animal rights.

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Foreign Language - English (LLT2285L)

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Learning in Work Context (QUI12401L)

Chosen / offered subject in any area of biochemical sciences. It consist in an individual project. This students to engage in a complete a laboratory research project or a computer based research project or an extended literature review and associated extension exercise



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Biochemical Toxicology (QUI12400L)

History of Toxicology

Dose-response relationships

Factors affecting toxic responses

Absorption, distribution, excretion, biotransformation and disposition of toxicants

Factors affecting biotransformation and disposition

Toxic responses to foreign compounds

Biochemical mechanisms of toxicity: Tissue lesions, neurotoxicity, immunotoxicity, teratogenesis, genetic toxicity, chemical carcinogenesis and multi-organ toxicity.

Risks to health and environment associated to toxicants, by-products and radiations

Safety in production, packaging, transportation, storage, dispensing and use of toxicants.

Legislation on toxicants in the EU and in other countries

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Metabolism and Energetics (QUI0358L)